

Ideal Gas Law Applications

Density $D = \frac{M}{V} = \frac{g}{mL}$ $\rightarrow$ relates to moles
volume

Id. Gas $PV = nRT$

rearrange to get V and n on the same side with $\frac{n}{V} = ?$

$$\frac{n}{V} = \frac{P}{RT} = \frac{\text{mol}}{L}$$

ex: What is the density of CO_2 if it is at 3.0 atm and $25^\circ C$?

$$\frac{n}{V} = \frac{(3.0 \text{ atm}) \text{ mol } K}{.0821 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm } (298K)} = \frac{.12 \text{ mol}}{L}$$

* Use molar mass to convert to density

$$\frac{.12 \text{ mol}}{L} \times \frac{44.01 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}} \times \frac{1 L}{1000 \text{ mL}} = \boxed{5.3 \times 10^{-3} \frac{g}{mL}}$$